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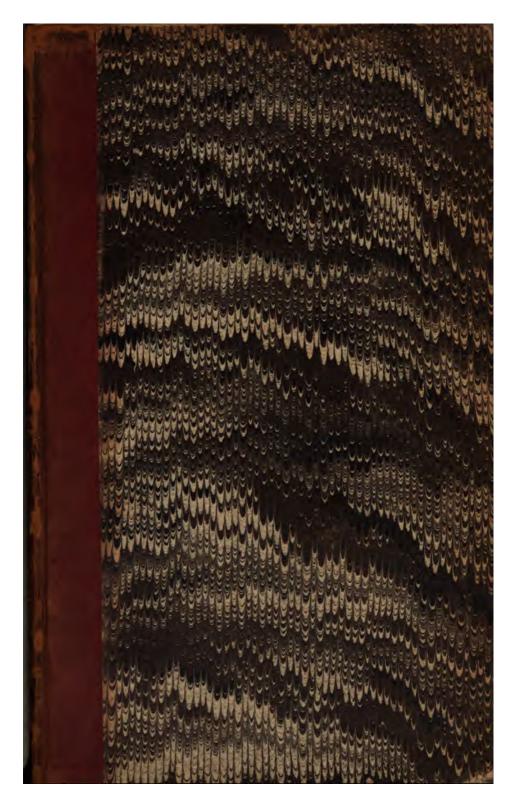
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SOME PARTICULARS,

RELATING TO

THE LIFE AND DEATH,

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Rebecca Scudamore,

INTERSPERSED WITH

INTERESTINGUREFLEXIONS;

TOCETHER WITH

EXTRACTS from divers of her LETTERS;

COLLECTED BY

S. YOUNG.

INCLUDING

An ACCOUNT of HER OWN CASE.

BRISTOL:

Printed by S. BONNER, in CASTLE-GREEN.

1790

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Candid Reader to some nime and the second

COME sincere Friends of the late REBECCA Sounamore, deceased, having from an undiffembled regard to her memory, drawn up and even printed, before my knowing it, a true and just, though comprehensive description of her character, entitled Memento, and now with leveral small alterations and additions, it is at their define prefixed; which I conceiv'd to be most proper, previous to entering on an attempt to recount some Particulars relative to her life, to which I was earnestly folicited by many of her Friends, who suggested, that a life so exemplary and uncommon, might, by divine bleffing, prove useful, if rendered more public; thereby affording a lasting testimony to the religion she professed, and that tho' dead, it might with truth be faid, she yet speaketh, especially to such persons who never knew her real character, and have entertain'd

A 2

tertain'd wrong conceptions of it :- I have in compliance therewith, endeavour'd to collect and adduce only matters of fatt, partly from my own knowledge, and partly from what could be obtained from other persone interting Extracts from such of her Letters as sould be procured, that eminently discover her experience, spirit, and disposition, interspersing fuch incidents and reflexions, as naturally occur'd, including my own Case; compluding with 4 short Narrative of the closing scene to her life, elreedy in print, and when weitten was conceiv'd to have been the enly monument to her memory, and the whole of what my abilities could ever have furnished. - And now. committing this undertaking, with all its imperfections, to the Author and Dispensor of every good k and thyfelf to his divine direction and guidance, I am, which we can it was

Candid Reader,

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Thy real Friend,

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M E .M EETNATOO.

N THURSDAY the 29th day of April, 1790, at the hour of fixe in the afternoon, died, of a painful and long continued disease, in the 62d year of her age, Mrs. REBECCA SCU-DAMORE, the Wife of Counsellor SCUDA-MORE, of Bristol, and her Remains deposited in St. Werburgh's Church. -She was a person of exemplary piety, deservedly lamented by all her real Friends. Language would fail to-describe the noble qualities of her foul.—Suffice it to observe,—she was naturally of a sweet complacent disposition,—that at an early period, by divine illumination, she discovered the human mind to be by nature in a state of deep depravity, tho' form'd for an higher and better life, obtainable only by a divine nature to be derivedfrom Jesus Christ; that taking the advice of our LORD to the rich young man, she, like the worthies of old, totally renounced the world,its follies and vanities; difregarding the derifloris of those who account fuch wisdom to be madness; -that at length; possessing an hope fullof immortality, and the love of a crucified Redeemer in ber beart, she trode in his blessed footsteps of poverty, humility, and meekness;during a feries of years, previous to her death, patiently fuffering a variety of the severest inward and outward troubles, acquielding in the divine, will, not only with submission, but chankfulness:

fulness; and her foul became so moulded and fashioned into the image and likeness of her Saviour, that it might truly be faid, she bad been with Jesus; by whose spiritual guidance, strength and support, she was enabled to practise selfdenial and self-abasement in an eminent degree. Not attach'd to any fect or party, she esteem'd and revered the pious of every name and nation; her capacious foul embracing the whole of mankind, as the offspring of one and the same common parent, and the redeemed of one and the same common Saviour; -- In short, her love was so diffusive, it extended to all parties and degrees, feeking every opportunity of doing good with. out partiality; evidencing in every action of her life, (fully confirm'd at her death) that the religion she professed, directs to heavenly wisdom and heavenly love, and that all its paths are Peace.

Now Reader, observe the words of sacred record,
—"Blessed are the dead that die in the Lord; even so saith the Spirit, for they rest from their labors.—God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes.—There shall be neither sorrow nor pain.—Then shall the righteous stand in great boldness before the sace of such as have afflicted him,—when they shall be amazed and say, this was he whom we sook accounted his life madness,—What hath Pride profited, or what good hath riches brought us? All those things are passed away like a shadow."

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Isaiah liv. 5, 6.

Thy Maker is thine Husband, the Lord of Hosts is his name.— The Lord hath called thee as a woman for saken and grieved in spirit, when thou wast refused.

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DEBECCA THORNHILL, afterwards SCUDAMORE, was born the 25th of January, in the year 1729, in BRISTOL; where her father was a surgeon of considerable eminence, but in the decline of life retir'd.— Her mother was endow'd with an extraordinary good natural understanding, improv'd by more than usual literary education, tho' unhappily imbibed principles of scepticism and infidelity, which learning and good abilities too frequently furnish weapons for defending.—But it pleased God to discover, and she became fully convinced, that Reason unrenewed, really a SLAVE to the human Will; that therefore her book learning must yield to an higher Instructor, and that it was meer foolishness when compared to that wisdom which is to be derived from above, the fource of all true wisdom and knowledge: -That her immortal part (the foul) ought to have her chief concern, and to provide for its eternal safety ought to be her principal business in this world; and finally,

finally, she became a fincere and real Convert, embracing the Truth as it is in lesus. This will appear by the following brief account, receiv'd from my late dear friend R. S. only a few months previous to her death, by a person who attended her, and by whom it was communicated; viz. That she was nine years old when her mother died,—that about four years before her death, her mother was awakened, and became truly religious; that then she discovered singular affection for Rebecca, tho' before had shew'd a preference and greater liking to her other children;—that after this, an incident occur'd, which was often mentioned by R. S. even within a very short space of her own decease; ——that she was once taken for a ride, with her mother and a particular friend, and whilst they were conversing on religious" subjects, Rebeccu was asked, What the thought thereof? The Child answerd,-She was like Mary Magdalen-she loved much, for she had much forgiven. Such an answer from a child surprifed,—and they enquired What she had to be forgiven?—She said, ber fins had been great, -that she had prayed, and had found peace.

When this circumstance was lately mentioned by R. S. she said, that such was the peace, then enjoyed, she remembered its sweet-ness to that very day.—On this declaration, her mother was quite in a rapture, and taking Rebecca in her arms, carefed her with great delight.—Altogether as singular was that which history

history relates of a girl, not exceeding the age of our Rebecca, who was perpetually alking its parents and others, where do the Christians live?—they replied, the now lived amongst Christians: No. said the child, that cannot be; the felf-denying lives of those I have heard of in the Gospels, and the Life of Issus Christ, were quite different. - R. S. said, her Father greatly opposed her Mother going amongst the Methodiffs, who came out about this time, (upwards of 50 years fince) whose ministry she was very defirous of attending; -that to prevent it, he even confin'd her to the house, treating her with much severity; but that she, notwithstanding, found means for frequent opportunities:—And, that it is probable her Mother, (under such eircumstances) was led to some little irregularities, and to practise austerities not altogether defensible, which seemed to have produced bodily diforders: But that she died bappy, with an hope full of immortality; which R. S. faid, she well remembered, altho' so young, (mentioning it only three days before her own decease;) also that her Mother told those about her, on the day of her death; that the was then going to fpend an eternal Sabbatb with her Saviour.—That the night preceding, she sent for Rebecea, and said, She had a promife for ber,—that there was an everlasting inberitance prepared for ber; and that she should meet ber in the next world.—She further related. that after the death of her Mother. her Father became very unhappy, and was seized with a fit of fickness, infomuch that it was appre-B 2 hended

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hended he could not recover.—That he then declared, he would never have any one oppose any person on account of religion; but, said he, let fuch an one go the way he likes. And it was really observ'd, he never did oppose his daughter R. S. when the became religious, many years afterwards; her Father being then alive.—She faid, he married again in about nine months. to a very worthy woman, whom the children of his former wife loved, as if the had been their own Mother;—that this second wife had a long and painful illness, during which, Rebecca, then about eighteen years of age, attended her; and her Mother-in-law would frequently say, that God would reward her for it, by giving Rebecca a good child, to attend ber also in ber last moments:—This R. S. would often declare was literally fulfilled in NANCY EDKINS, whom she had taken under her care from a child, and whom she always termed ber Child.

In about eighteen months after the death of this second wise, R. S. said, her Father married again, to one of a different description, a person of much gaiety.—Observing, that when she had attained the age of twenty-one, Counfellor Scudamore commenc'd her Suitor, but from some disagreement about a marriage settlement, the matter drop'd;—that she then took a journey, with her Mother-in-law, to the City of York, there spending some months; during which she had several exceeding good offers, which she resuled, and nothing could make

make her forget the first (the Counsellor) for whom the had conceiv'd a fingular affection; it even led her to pray and promise, that if Gop would give her the man she loved, she would devote berfelf to God; - that some time after her return home, the Counsellor renew'd his overtures, and on the 25th day of May, 1752, (when she had attained twenty-three years of age and upwards) they were married. -And the now entered the fathionable world. and into a full participation of its enjoyments. Thus far the account given by R. S. -Our intimacy commenced in 1757, about five years after her marriage, and I had the favor of being much in her company, which was the most agreeable and pleasant I had ever met with.—Her mien and manner were very engaging,-naturally of a fprightly and cheerful disposition, always preserving an equanimity of temper, even on very trying occasions, tho' no one possessed of more quicker or more exquisite sensibilities. Her conjugal affections, which at this time met with reciprocal return, to me appeared carried too high, making her husband an idol; and in the freedom of conversation, I once remarked, that there was but one blemish in her character,—an excess of creature love, which I wished her to restrain: - She receiv'd the reproof with a finite, and said, I love my friend for ber openness; but I do love my bufband, and do not at prefent, see any reason for altering my conduct.

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Her amiable qualities, good sense, and engaging demeanor, endeared her to all her very extensive and polite acquaintance, with whom we often met at affemblies, and other places of public amusement, conforming to the customs and fashions of the times; which rendered our company acceptable, and indeed afforded fome pleasure, tho' no real satisfaction; for amida all our gaiety, each of us felt at intervals, tho too, too much unheeded and neglected, a monitor within, a defire after GOD, an attraction, that I believe every man and woman living is forced to feel, whether he will or no; - for it is a truth, that GOD hath a certain secret power within the human heart, which is watching every opportunity of faying something, either of the vanity of the world, or the guilt or consequences of fin; -that without arguments, rifes up in the foul, and would be doing some good to it, if not quenched and refifted, by the noise and burry either of pleasures or bufiness:- In short, the buman beart wants nothing but GOD, and nothing but the beart can receive bim; -this is the only place and seat of Religion, and of all Communication between GOD: and man :-- for the foul bath an infinite desire, and an infinite capacity, which nothing but an infinite good can satisfy. - Therefore, dear Reader, this internal sentiment, this instinction goodness; is the preservation and the saving man from being like to the beasts and fallen spirits.—It is preventing Grace, because it prevents, or goes before, and is not given for any thing we have done. And it is a glorious Truth, that there is no partiality in GOD, but tbat

that every human soul hath a general call, and a general capacity to obtain salvation: In this degree of Redemption is every creature born of Adam:—If we trample this pearl under our feet, our destruction is then from ourselves; but if we yield, if twe will suffer the spark of this inward Redeemer to kindle and spread, the light of life to arise, the voice of GOD to be heard, then will the Divine Lise be most assured brought forth, and when our body dies, we shall fail into all the fulness of GOD.

This divine Monitor, as before observ'd. was felt at intervals, amidst all our gaiety:unavoidably creating some uneasiness, and forcing many a figh!—Nevertheless, neither of us pretended to any other than a little head knowledge, - meerly the external or fhell of religion; and (Pharisee like) a decent outside appearance was strictly observed. - My Friend was as partial to the Presbyterian, (with which she was then connected) as I was to the establish'd Form of. Worship, (in which I was educated) and our difference in opinion would now and then occasion little disputes, at which my-zeal, (so foolish was I, and void of understanding.) would sometimes be rather overheated, but she was moderate; fo that our controversies always ended in good humour, without the least breach .hetween us. - About seven years after marriage, she experienced a fit of sillness, which was much apprehended tended to a decline.—This, and previous convictions, brought on ferious reflexions, and a recollection of the promise به برف fhe she had made of giving berself up to GOD, which attended her both by day and by night. Other particulars will appear in a Letter written by herself.

This happened in 1759, in which year I accompanied my Friend and her Husband to WEYMOUTH, in hope of benefiting her health; -he left us in a few days, but we continued there fix weeks.—Her mind was now brought under very deep convictions, and religious awakenings, tho' not from any thing we heard from without; but wholly and folely from an invisible divine power secretly operating within; and her attention was so entirely fixed on what she felt, that all inclination for conforting with the company was taken away. -We kept only to ourselves, frequently spending many hours together on the fands near the sea shore. She kept a small Bible in her pocket, on purpole for frequent perufal; -being fully satisfied that the LORD was carrying on a great work in her foul, she yielded to it, patiently fubmitting to the scourges of conscience, tho' it often threw her into the greatest agonies; and when at our lodgings, would fall proftrate on her knees, and, amazing now to recollect! she was at this early period, so evidently led in the inward path, that she would at such feasons frequently continue on her knees from one to two bours at a time, in filent prayer, when I waited by her fide; and tho' it was irksome to my nature, and painful to my body, yet I felt the happy effects of it in my spirit, fuch

fuch as is never to be forgotten: And as she had never been taught by any human means, to seek and wait for divine help in filent prayer, it may with much truth be affirmed, and cannot be too much admired, that the LORD alone was herein her Shepherd, and the inspiration of the Almighty, ber leader and ber guide.

It is likewise wonderful to restect, that the Holy Spirit began now to operate so powerfully, by teaching and illuminating her mind, and opening to her the scriptures, insomuch that many passages she would at this time, to my great astonishment, often explain to me in a most beautiful and edifying manner.

The day was now fixed for our leaving WEY-MOUTH.—We fat off early in the morning, and the following day reach'd Pensford about twelve o'clock at noon, where we continued until the cool of the evening, (the weather being very hot.)—After refreshing ourselves, we retired to a room above stairs, intending to rest on a bed, but at that instant a variety of conflicting passions, so deeply exercised and violently agitated my poor Friend, that she could take no rest, but threw herself on the bed, continuing in an agony of prayer for the space of five hours. during which she said, she had now a clear view of the sufferings that awaited her, and which she was then going to encounter; -adding, should she prove unfaithful to the discoveries, which in mercy, had been made to her mind, dreadful would be the consequence !- I can never

never for get what I myself then selt. - She had by this time entirely won me over to the fide of religion; tho' as yet I knew very little of the evil, which lay undisclosed in my own heart:—I had even enjoy'd at seasons, a view of the felicities of an eternal world, which the had been enabled to fet forth in fuch a manner. that I mistakenly conceiv'd, nothing could ever have effac'd its memory. But how difcouraging to so young a beginner, was the distress of my dear Friend now before my eyes! -In this fituation we arriv'd the same evening at Bristol.—Her Husband soon perceiv'd an alteration in us both; -instead of our former gaiety, lightness, and trifling, an unaccustom'd seriousness and solemnity; and, as he naturally might, he enquir'd the occasion, and remonstrated.—But my dear Friend, with no less than the courage of a foul divinely animated, boldly declared the alarming views the then had of an eternal world, and of the indispenfable necessity of becoming a new creature, in order to attain true peace here, and everlasting happiness hereafter; that she could no longer think of living to please berself, but to please CHRIST, who had died for her; and taking her husband by the hand, entreated him in the most endearing, tender manner, to unite with her in this one thing needful.—He really was affected, and wept, but the impression soon wore off.—From this time, I have abundant cause to believe. she never deviated from following her Redeemer, in humility, patience, refignation, and self-denial, she having previoufly

viously sat down and counted the cost; and like unto his dear disciples in all ages, hath at length, through much tribulation, entered his kingdom.—At this period R. S. made a confiderable alteration in her dress, leaving off what was meerly ornamental and fuperfluous: but her ideas were so enlarged, that she did not consider this as a matter essential; yet from the knowledge she had of the human heart, in its unregenerate state, she consider'd it safer, as a woman professing godliness, to adorn herfelf in modest apparel, it being well known that finery in drefs, is too apt to subject the wearer to self-esteem;—self-denial, and bearing the cross, being what she was call'd to, and in which she resolutely persisted, notwithstanding the many arguments that were used for disfluading her from it.—This was not from humour, but a noble magnanimity of foul; being assur'd by CHRIST himself, that if she confess'd him before men, he would confess her before his heavenly Father.—Her Husband finding her thus resolute, became very uneasy, call'd in her friends, (some of whom she highly esteem'd and lov'd,) to try whether arguments would prevail; and in this instance she acted a severe self-denying part, in opposing those who were labouring, as they thought, for her good; but she defended herself and the cause of religion, against all their rhetorick, in such weighty terms, composure of mind, and dignity of expression, that her very opposers, who charg'd her with errors and delusion, were either filenced, or acknowledged the truth of B 2 what

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what she advanced :--- No exulting on her part at the advantage gained over her opponents; -a modest reservedness was natural; but the Apostles exultation may truly be applied to her; -In all these things we are more than Conquerors, through him that loved us:-In short, The boldly affured her Friends, that by Divine Assistance, she was fixedly determined to make no alteration, or to know any thing (according to scripture language) but Jesus Christ, and him crucified; and that it would be her endeavor to follow him in the regeneration.—Her Husband readily acknowledged that his Wife conducted herself, as to the concerns of this world, with the disposition of a Lamb; but in the concerns of religion, she acted with the boldness of a Lion.—The following instance was a proof of the remark:—Being engag'd in discourse with him, -in answer to some matters, which he had advanced, she said,— "Oh Sir, was you to make a fire in that pave-"ment (pointing to it) and burn me in it, I "cannot act otherwise,"—enlarging on the subject;—at which he was exceedingly struck.

My company being now equally as unacceptable to many of our former acquaintance, as was that of my friend, we parted in about a week after our arrival from Weymouth, leaving her to encounter the trials already began, and I return'd to my friends in the country, visiting her at intervals for the space of four months; after which I was unhappily separated from her during several years.

And

And now, Reader, permit me to take thy attention to what more particularly concerns myfelf alone. - On parting with my dear Friend, the charg'd and entreated me not to lose the Grace I had receiv'd; observing, that if I took heed, more would be given.—She also recommended my appropriating two bours every day, at such scasons as were most convenient, for waiting upon God in filent prayer; also to read the scriptures, and other books, that might inculcate, promote, and tend to the keeping of God in all my thoughts. During a few months her advice was observed; but my relations remarking, that my mind was hereby led to inward retirement and recollection, became alarm'd:-They hit upon a scheme, form'd a party, and infifted on my joining them in a journey. I objected, but they were determined, and I must comply. We accordingly repaired to the place of destination,-a Gentleman's house in Oxfordshire. Here every amusement was contriv'd for spending our time in diffipation; every day some new scheme for pleasure invented, and as a carriage was kept, visiting or visited, by the neighbouring gentry, (of which were an abundance) fill'd up every moment: In vain I attempted to keep my hours for retirement, an effectual bar being fixed for preventing it; -a young Gentlewoman flept with me; - I felt shame at appearing to pray, or retire in her presence, and truly her gaiety and merry fongs diverted every serious reflexion: I soon caught the spirit, and enter'd into all their mirth, becoming altogether as diffipated as my affociates, tho' often, often cast a wishful glance at the happy moments I had heretofore enjoy'd, but were now departed: -In short, I seem'd fully to enter into all the poor enjoyments this world could afford. I foon commenc'd acquaintance with a female of superior rank to the other, as well as to myself. With her I ran into all the giddy rounds of folly and vanity, that balls, plays, concerts, and other amusements, could afford; tho' in the midst I truly felt a vacuum, an unsatisfied want; yea, I did really feel an hunger after a better life; and bleffed be God, these poor gratifications did never totally extinguish it .-- I even seemed to myself like a person always in disguise, and acting a part that did not belong to me, for thoughts of futurity, of Heaven and of Hell, would involuntarily obtrude.—Ah! little do the deluded compliancers with fashionable follies and vanities, conceive, what pangs they must fooner or later endure, and what work they are making for bitter repentance, by acting against the laws of God, and the dictates of their own consciences; for conscience, the voice of God within, will speak and will be heard, amidst the career of fin and pleasure. I can solemnly aver, I never found rest to my soul until I totally surrendered;an awful confideration! that man, possessing an immortal spirit, originally created in the image and likeness of his God, (wofully indeed departed from it,) that man should, notwithstanding, only live to eat, and drink, and fleep, and wake, laugh, and trifle, fin-and die! Melancholy

Melancholy reflexion! that the disordered passions, and propensities, of depraved human nature, should prove the real tormentors, if not the murderess of his soul!

Amongst the many horrors my mind now experienced at intervals, I will mention one, that occur'd amidst the splendor of an assembly;—It was, that I saw the day of judgment, with all its tremendous circumstances attending, clearly represented to my mind:—And think, oh think, dear Reader! what an alloy this must have prov'd to the suppos'd selicities of an assembly!

Lamentable to relate, I continued in this miserable, artificial kind of life, until the year 1765, when I returned home, for the purpose of preparing to attend the nuptials of my last-mentioned companion. But here I was arrested.—I had now time for retirement, tho' at first retirement felt very unpleasant. Reflections, however, would obtrude; and I now perceiv'd, fully perceiv'd, my pass'd misguided conduct had been all vexation of spirit; and at length I came to this conclusion—Surely there is a happiness to be enjoyed far superior to any I have lately purfued. I even resolved once more to feek what I had formerly in some measure possess'd.—It was then represented, I must now totally forsake the fancied felicities I had been lately engaged in; and by divine affistance I actually determined. The intended preparation was entirely drop'd. My late ac-. quaintance sent letter after letter, which were

all unanswered; and herein I committed no fmall degree of violence to my own nature; my mind became under much conflict and considerable suffering; and having now forsaken my worldly friendships, I really seem'd as if left in a desart. At this important moment, the mercy of God brought to my relief a religious person, who furnish'd me with William LAW's Spirit of Prayer, and Spirit of Love. This was a memorable inflance of Providence. And here I must relate a Dream, that to some may appear whimfical, tho' to me a Reality. It arose from the following circumstance.—I had fome years before been intimate at the house of a Physician, a ferious man, long since deceased,* where I remembered seeing one piece of W. Law's lattet Writings, and of. hearing the Doctor remark, that Mr. Law. was once a burning and a fhining light, but that he is now become a fallen flar, These words came fresh into my mind, together with a query, and much doubt, whether I might with lafety read these books?-And it was truly an addition to my distress.—In this fituation I dreamed one night, that the Doctor convers'd with me, and said, I need not fear to read these writings, for they contained the truth; and that he himself now saw things very differently.

Strange as it may appear, this dream confoled my mind, diffipated my fears, and bleffed be God, I now with courage read; and these books were the

[•] Dr. RANDOLPH, late of Bristol.

the happy means of bringing my feet into that path from whence I had so deplorably departed; may it never be forgotten!

I beg leave to transcribe a passage from which I found a most fingular blessing;—it was as follows:—

"All depends upon thy right submission " and obedience to this speaking of God in thy foul. Stop therefore all felf-activity, " listen not to the suggestions of thy own rea-" fon, run not on in thy own will, but be fretired, filent, passive, and humbly attenstive to this new risen light within thee. Open thy heart, thy eyes, and cars, to all "its impressions. Let it enlighten, teach, " frighten, torment, judge, and condemn thee, as it pleases, turn not away from it, hear * all it says, seek for no relief out of it, con-" fult not with flesh and blood, but with a heart full of faith and refignation to GoD, or pray only this prayer, that Gon's kingdom "may come, and his will be done in thy foul. "Stand faithfully in this state of preparation, "thus given up to the Spirit of God, and "then the work of thy repentance will be "wrought in God, and thou wilt foon find, " that he that is in thee, is much greater than " all that are against thee." - Spirit of Prayer, part the 1st, pa. 77.

These words made deep impression, and no words could have been more suitable to my situation.

Now permit me to observe, dear Reader. that if thou art tinctured with the same infatuating folly, that hath cost me such bitter remorfe, I trust that what hath been related will have some effect on thy mind.—The exposure of my own backsliding, and troubling thee with this long detail, being folely from a wish to apprise my deluded fellow mortals, of a scourge they are providing for themselves, when pursuing the same delusive road-happy. happy those that see it in time!—Remember, it is written, the day of the LORD (or the day of death) will come as a thief in the night. tend, to the sensations of thy own breast, before it is too late! Dost thou not feel at times, an uneasiness 'thou canst not tell what to ' do with, or now to bear, rising up, WITHOUT thy confent, casting a BLACKNESS over all thy thoughts, and then going off again, either by the chearfulness of the Sun, or Air, or ' some, AGREEABLE accident; and again, AT TIMES, as fuddenly returning? ---- Sufficient. ' indications are THESE to every man, that there ' is a DARK GUEST within, concealed under the * COVER of flest and blood, often LULLED * ASLEEP by worldly LIGHT and AMUSEMENTS, YET SUCH AS WILL, IN SPITE OF EVERY 'THING, shew itself, which, if it has not its PROPER RELIEF, in this life, MUST BE HIS TORMENT IN ETERNITY. And it was for the sake of this HIDDEN HELL within us, that our Blessed Lord said when on earth, and says onw to every foul, Come unto ME. ALL YE THAT LABOUR; AND ARE HEAVY LADEN, If thou dost ' AND I WILL GIVE YOU REST.

* ask where, and how is Christ to be sound?

I answer, in thy heart, and by thy heart, and
no where else, nor by any thing else.

I now spent two years in retirement, passing through many a fore conflict, until at length my foul, thro' mercy, enjoy'd in some degree, that peace which the world could neither give, nor with all its conflicting trials, take away. -During this long interval, I had not so much as written to my dear Friend Scudamore, and indeed avoided all occasions that were likely to bring me in her way.—I wrote divers letters with a defign of fending, but my heart always fail'd, and they were as often destroy'd. a shame, and even a thought of her, brought conviction with it. Nevertheless, I afterwards heard, she used to tell her religious acquaintance, that she had a Friend, whom she tenderly loved, that had forsaken her, and was gone into the world, but the was affured in her own mind, the should have her again, and that with an increase of Grace.—This without doubt, was an answer to her prayers.—At the expiration of my two years retirement, a Friend of mine wanted to consult Counsellor Scudamore on an affair in the Law, and defired my company .- I could not refuse, tho' felt exceeding great reluctance; my ingratitude to his dear wife having justly caus'd me to expect severe reproaches; but how was I disappointed! I was receiv'd with open arms, and with an affection not unlike the Prodigal return'd to his Father. Such unexpected reception D 2 **Quite** quite overwhelm'd me.-We drank tea together; the invited me to another interview speedily, which was gladly complied with the next week following, and our friendship was happily renewed.—This was in March, 1767. after a separation of feven years; since which I have scarcely ever been in her company without edification or comfort. Various dispensations of Divine Providence have fince then been my lot; and as the invisible leader of fouls is marvellous in his conduct and procedure, so in particular it has been towards me; and under a deep conviction of its propriety, I was led to join a Christian Community, with which my Friend was not connected; yet this, and an alteration afterwards in my fituation by marriage, did not lessen me in her esteem, nor the in mine. We became of one heart and of one mind; if possible, in an higher degree than ever before; and the was the happy instrument of strengthening and assisting me in the best of interests.—Difference in externals. occasion'd not the least degree of difference betwixt us, and why should it amongst any that are candidates for Heaven?—If the beart is in a state of renewal,—a measure of the divine life brought forth;—all of every outward form, must speak the same language, and finally shall arrive and meet at, and in the same eternal kingdom of glory.—Why then should any of them fall out by the may?

I cannot find any Letter from R. S. during the chasm in our friendship—the following was was received after my return, and first interview-without date of the year.

' My dear Miss Weston's kind Epistle, prov'd a most pleasing one to me—it not only contain'd an account of spending her time much to her own satisfaction, but also of reaping 's spiritual advantage from it.—Be assured your happiness is very nearly connected with my own, defiring to join in rendering thanks for every thing that thro' divine favor, is a means of promoting it.—It is a pleasing reflexion, that we are soldiers, both engaged in the same fpiritual warfare, and, I trust, are daily marching towards victory and a crown, thro' him that hath loved us; and I hope one day to give all that praise which is due to so divine 'a Captain and Conqueror.—Of this hope, I have some small glimmering, which, (as the Apostle speaks) makes me in some measure, * fledfast in believing and in hoping, for that happiness and that glory, which lie within the veil, prepared for every faithful foldier in CHRIST JESUS. I make no doubt of this being my dear Friend's faith and hope also, in a much larger degree; earnestly desiring f it may daily encrease

Your's, &c.

Maudlin-Lane, Sept. 27.

R. S.

After my Marriage.

I cannot help requesting my dear Sally Young, to Spell that heart language my pen follows,

follows, when it declares a truth of the last importance; which is, that the only life we are allowed to live upon earth, is, the life of Faith, and that it grows much better under difficulties, than when the concerns of this world go on fmoothly.—I know of no fweeter entertainment, that God can afford his poor children, than to convince them, that the best of this world, is an abundant too poor a diet for them to feed upon;—it is his method of causing them to have the greater relish for that marrow and fatness, which is alone to • be derived from CHRIST, and which they e are always to live upon, which is no less than on the Fountain itself.—What can come amifs to that foul, which CHRIST under-* takes, by all things, and through all things, * to bring to himself;—for this he died; and this is the grand purpose of every trial.—Upon this ground it is, the Spirit faith, Rejoice when ye fall into divers temptations .- My dear, · let us choose the eternal God for our portion, then shall we have enough. -Our cup will be brim full.—Let us soar above, disregarding all outward comforts and confoflations, which serve only to obstruct our communion with the Author of true bless fedness.

I entreat my dear Sally, whenever she is favor'd to breathe servently for spiritual blefsings for herself, to remember her poor, weak, unworthy, loving, R. S.' After this long digression, I must request the Reader to recollect that in the year 1759, R. S. was left encountering and conquering. She would gladly then have given the right hand of fellowship to those of the community with which she had been long connected, but was not so happy to find any to whom it was agreeable. Her soul became greatly exercised, and truly hungered for the bread that alone satisfies;——she wished to advise with a Gospel Minister, and to attend a Gospel ministry:——And here may be seen, and cannot be too much admired, the adorable Providence of God in her behalf.

Her heart now inclined, and even her Husband granted her full permission, to frequent the Established Church, and to consult and take counsel of the Minister of St. Werburgh's in Bristol; who, being himself experienced in the divine life, did both by public and private instruction, inculcate and enforce the necessity of attending to, and feeking God her Saviour, within her own heart, --- the very path in which she had been hitherto led; and she frequently experienced much confolation and confirmation, from such instructions and advice. this place of worship she constantly and statedly attended during the remainder of her life, until confined by illness: But as she had sought. and ultimately attained the quintessence of true Religion; she used the externals, as meerly leading to what was internal,—the thing fignified,-fully convinced of our divine Redeemer's

deemer's asseveration, 3d John 3,—that except a man be born again, for partake of an heavenly nature | be cannot enter the kingdom of God.—R. S. took the shortest road, never adopting any particular doctrine, opinion, or fystem, adhering simply to the direction of bely writ; at the same time sincerely and implicitly believing the words that occur in divers of the Collects, appointed in the established Liturgy, declaring the necessity of divine continual inspiration, - that without God, we cannot think a good thought, or do any thing that is good.—Praying, that we may daily be renew'd by the Holy Spirit; that it may IN ALL THINGS direct; that we may obey his godly motions;— that he may be our Ruler and our Guide; and R. S. firmly believed, that God bimself did actually teach the bearts of the faithful. These, and expressions of the like import, in the daily public offices, she believed did strictly mean and intend, according to the very Letter. Indeed the Scripture had informed her that CHRIST must be formed in the heart, his Holy Spirit guide and govern it; and that all short of this, was only standing on the surface of Religion:

The books she read, were principally the Bible;—this she always esteem'd the Book of Books; and it was her daily companion.—She likewise held in great estimation, Thomas a Kempis's Imitation of Christ, Bromley's Sabbath of Rest, and one or two others of the spiritual kind; but some sew, that she had seen

feen of the later Writings of the illuminated W. Law, the peculiarly effeem'd and admir'd; many expressions and passages from whom, and some others, are introduced in this attempt to recount a very small part of the wonders of grace, displayed in and towards my late deceased Friend; being unable to find words so suitable to the subject, and so strongly expressive both of her and my own sentiments.

That there is but one unerring path to Heaven,—that of attaining an beavenly nature, unincumbered with points of doctrine or systems of divinity, and that R. S. embraced this short and narrow path, and experienced a deep process of inward purification, will appear by the following Extracts, taken from some of her own Letters, written under different states of mind, at different times, and addressed to several of her Christian Friends, who esteem the originals as Sacred Remains.

No. I.

29 October 1761.

Oh my dear Friend! I am indeed in the deeps of affliction. My foul is exceeding forrowful. My Gon! I cry day and night unto thee!—I call to mind thy past mercies and deliverances, yet am not comforted. Lord hear my prayer that cometh not out of feigned lips;—submit my will to thine, howsoever afflictive it be to flesh and blood;

and fanctify these great sufferings, that I may be brought nearer to thee my Saviour, my God, and my all in all.

No. II.

30 October, 1761.

I have indeed experienced, that of walking in darkness and seeing no light; and my sins like an holt have encamped against me; and unbelief, like a mountain, hath obscured all my bright prospects. Oh, that I may come forth from this fiery surnace, as gold purified, bearing the image of the Son of Man: Surely he never forsook any that trusted in him, his mercy cannot forsake me, for he died for sinners.

Oh pray for your afflicted Friend,

· R. S.

No. III.

31 October, 1761.

I feel a noble courage animate my foul, on reading of the army you spoke of,—even the great Jenovah Jesus; the holy Angels, the Church Triumphant above, and the Church Militant below, being all on my fide; and I have experienced that Jesus, the Captain of

of our salvation, thanks be to his tender mercies, hath supported, under all the trials he is pleased to exercise me with. I am sensible, resignation is the duty called for at prefent. Bleffed Jesus grant me that Grace! May patience have its perfect work, and may thy will be done. Oh, that I could praise ' him for being pleased in the least degree to bend my unruly will. His Grace has indeed taught me not to entertain the least hard " thoughts under this painful dispensation:-But my dear Friend, you are sensible, even f Grace does not render us insensible to very great sufferings. Bless him, my dear Friend, that the Heavens wear a fairer aspect, that He has calmed the tempest; and when my dear Jesus, the Sun of Righteousness, is pleased to shine forth, may my gladdened foul spring forth with joy inexpressible, to meet him whom my foul loveth!

N. B. It is probable that part of this Letter glanced at a trial began in - 1761

encreased in 1763 completed in 1771

No. IV.

1 November, 1761.

A thousand thanks for the Extract you kindly sent me. It was perfectly suitable to my case. Thanks be to God, it conveyed divine consolation. Oh, that I may be divine consolation.

'vinely taught, wholly to abandon my whole 'felf, to my Divine Redeemer, in the fence therein mentioned'.

R. S.

No. V.

22 February, 1762.

* Marsay's Spiritual Discourses, you lent me, has very deservedly been termed an invaluable treasure, for this book declares that hidden mystery,—the deep things of God, which only the Holy Spirit can discover, for none knoweth the things of God, but the Spirit of God alone.—I assure you it hath proved a real blessing.

R. S.

No. VI.

24 March, 1762.

Permit me to speak of the Grace which sweetly leads to the enjoyment of divine communion and intercourse with our Gon. Prayer brings us into the Presence Chamber. —Oh, let us always live in this Chamber; and when business calls off our thoughts, let us filently steal a look. He will certainly meet us. Oh, the unspeakable satisfaction to find him near! How shall I find language to express his goodness; and how much your Jesus longs to bestow himself,

with his best of blessings upon you. O! do but look to him, whether cold or dead, only look to him, just as you are.—All your unsitness should not in the least discourage; it is bis glorious work to help, and he delights to do it.—Oh, that the prayers of one so unworthy as myself, might prevail for your receiving every needful blessing.—Remember, we rely upon an advocate, whose blood always pleads, and who has given us this sweet promise, that if we ask we shall receive.

« R. S."

No. VII.

20 June, 1762.

* How shall such vile dust as I am, write on * fo fublime a subject;—the secret operation f of the Holy Spirit in our fouls, and of that * inactive, filent, humble prostration of soul, that appears (if I may use the expression) as it were annihilated in its own eyes, in order * perfectly to cease from all actings of its own, ' that God alone, may be its Actor and Mover? -You must read my beart to know, what it means on this subject, my pen is unable to declare it.—There, O my dear Jesus! do thou by the continual operation of thy 4 blessed Spirit, deepen these truths in my heart, and may they bring forth fruits of righteousness, that may evidence the indwelting of the bleffed Spirit, in me thy poor finful servant; and ohi, that the sime for his f glorious appearance to take away all sin, was arrived! Dear Saviour, hasten thy coming; for give greater patience to wait for thy coming.

6 Oh, my Friend, we shou'd not live at so ! low a rate; -- are not our: fouls, think you, flike the dead bodies of the two Prophets, f fpoken of in the Revelations; that continued . dead, until the Spirit of Life entered into them?—Then they lived indeed!—If Jesus doth but speak the word, the same Spirit of Life, shall shew forth the like divine wonder in our fouls. Oh, let us be often looking to this bleffed Author and Finisher of our Faith, at least let us be as those that are · waiting for their LORD. It is his sweet work to bless us with that Grace of humble, * patient weiting; and who knows but he may furprise us, with his glorious appearance; ! when we least expect. - I am assured his comfing forth will be like a bleffed Bridegroom findeed! Its glory is not to be described. Then will the everlasting doors be opened, * and the King of Glory shall have an entrance, f-the everlasting gates will lift up their heads. - To your Watch Tower, - my dear Friend: to our Watch Tower,—methinks · fome fweet figns of his appearance are already to be feen.—May you foon arrive to the frenmit of your defires, by encreasing in all spiof ritual knowledge and understanding.

Sometimes

Sometimes when the narrow path, in which I walk, is presented to my view, I can, I think, with the greatest propriety, and I hope with the humblest confidence, apply these words to myself.

'Thou art my kelper and my guide,

· I trust in him alone,

No other helps have I beside,

· 1 vonture all on one.

cR. 5.

No. VIII.

17 July, 1763.

How happy are they, who, from being • led and guided by the Spirit of Truth, are enabled to walk according to its unerring directions.—Have not such fouls that unction from above, the Apostle declares, that teacheth all things, without the necessity of outward teaching? Certainly they are those bleffed, peculiarly bleffed fouls, in whom · CHRIST JESUS, is a well of water, fpringing 'up into eternal life; and to whom he is a never ceasing spring of comfort and blesfednels.—Shall not we then, watch and pray, and strive to partake of such an inestimable privilege? And should we meet with ever so great difficulties, yet, should we not be discouraged; for infinite wildom fees it neces-I fary to purge and purify his children, by the forest of trials, that their dross may be cleansed

* cleanfed and done away.—These are comfortable words—our light afflictions; which e are but for a moment, shall work for us, an exceeding and eternal weight of glory 1: Words fufficient to animate, comfort, and Arengthen the weakest believer.—My God knows, his · Grace teaches me to aspire after no less than to be led and guided by bis bleffed Spirit .- I would (cost whatever, it might) that I was • moulded into the likeness of my divine Redeemer Jesus Christ.—It is my earnest defire, that fuch a disposition was fully wrote in me, so as to keep back nothing, that my God may require; and that all his dispenfations, whether of prosperity or adversity, * may serve to answer that one grand purpose. This is also my earnest desire for one, who is very near and dear to me, my dear Mr. S.

R. S.

No. IX.

Describing her Conversion.

20 December, 1763.

I must in the words of St. Paul, begin with telling you, that my manner of life, at the first, was after the strictest sect of the Pharifees; but that at length, finding all my attempts fall short of what the Gospel required, I was almost driven to despair.—I had for some time, resolved as much as possible to avoid

e avoid occasions of fin, had declined idle visits, which frequently were means of wounding 'my conscience, tho' I kept on sinning and ' repenting until about four years ago, the year ' 1759; when the LORD, in mercy, led me in a wonderful manner, to the knowledge of the · Truth, as it is in Jesus .- The first remark-'able effect of his power, was when I was reading that part of Scripture, where our LORD prays not far the world, but for his difciples only. I wept bitterly at seeing, as I 'thought, myfelf entirely excluded from the benefit of CHRIST's prayer; for I believed, ' that if CHRIST had prayed for me, I should be faved. But I could not perceive from the f prayer he made afterwards, for all that should believe in him, through his word, that I ! had the least reason for applying it to myself, for to receive confolation from it; thereupon I shut the Bible, concluding I was lost, and 'past recovery. Soon after this, it pleased 'God, to visit me with a long fit of illness, 'a circumstance before unknown, having all 'my life, till then, enjoyed an uninterrupted ftate of health. I foon discovered by the persons attending me, and by what I felt, * that my life was in danger. I then took all opportunities of putting up filent prayer, fearing to utter words, left my tongue should not follow the defires of my heart; and by being much alone, and on bed, where I concealed a few books. I took every opportunity of fearching for the knowledge of the Truth, my beart incessantly crying, LORD bow shall

'I find thee, whom I do earnestly seek?—After continuing in this fituation several weeks, ' with very little sleep, my fever running high; one night I dropt into sleep, and after awaking, these words were strongly suggested to my mind—I am the truth and the life—they could not have been fo forcible, had an Angel founded them in my ears.—Hereby I was egreatly comforted, and finding the words fink deeper and deeper into my mind, it caused me often to make my prayer to CHRIST, ' as the only way to Truth and Life; soon after which, great appearances of recovery were observed, which, when the Doctor informed · me, instead of rejoicing, I was like a person thunder-struck, tho' my God knows, I then enjoyed every bleffing to make life defirable, united with a most tender husband, whose * affection exceeded all I can describe.—But the words a cumberer of the ground, had for fome time dwelt on my mind, which filled 'my heart with forrow, lest I should be the unhappy person. It caus'd me to pour out floods of tears before God, in secret, be-' feeching he would not fuffer me, fo to requite his abundant mercies, and I could · scarcely support under it, for the sense of ' such infinite goodness was an intolerable weight.—Such was the distress, that it occafion'd my attendants to observe an alteration for the worse, in my bodily disorder. slength it pleased GoD, that I recovered suf-· ficient to walk abroad, and also to direct me to open my mind to my bosom Friend, my ' dear

dear Mrs. -, and asking, whether she thought God would hear the prayer of fo vile a finner, provided I continued praying? She answered, yes certainly, and opened to me many parts of Scripture, which were fo bleffed, that I was enabled to believe, there was fuch an experience as the pardoning love of CHRIST, applicable by faith to a fin fick foul. And being informed that she herself had already happily experienced it, I returned home, earnestly praying that God would not fuffer me to be deceived, in feeking what s was unattainable, nor to shut my eyes against the light of his Holy Spirit, the power of which divine light, I now daily experienced f more and more convincing and even convertfing my foul. At length I saw clearly, by this light, there was a divine faith, which worketh by love, that would transform my foul into the image and likeness of GoD; · I also felt an encreasing fervent desire after it, 'and tho' my fins, like a thick cloud, did often intercept the light, and Satan affright with terrors, tending to despair; yet did my 'adorable Jesus bid me keep on, and reach faster the prize. I did then most ardently cry, Save me, save me, ob Jesus, or I perish. On opening my Bible, his rich and free promiles were presented to my view, and praised be his holy Name, I continued only a few " months * in this situation, before I really found him I so earnestly sought; -more f properly I was apprehended of bim, whom I

[•] This included the Journey to WEYMOUTH, p. 8.

'also apprehended.—How shall I declare the wondrous love!—Pardon—Peace—and a lit-· tle Heaven, were felt in my foul .- The Spi-' rit of Truth, witnessed my sins were pardoned. · Had Angels and men have united in denying 'it, I could not have then believed them, nor could it have brought me to discredit such an beart-felt and real Truth. I now went on rejoicing, on wings of love, and found, nothing was too hard to be performed by him that loveth. I could no longer wonder, that the Martyrs so patiently endured the flames. · I could talk of, or at least relish mought, but things divine. - But remark! I knew not myfelf 'as yet, nor until some time after, when it pleased God to break up the fountains of the great deep, in my foul, and shewed me Satan, the strong man armed, in possession of that kingdom which was no longer to continue under his dominion. Happy for me this diffcovery was not made all at once, for who could have abided fuch a fight and live? I had not been more than a fortnight in pos-· fession of these delightful sensations, before * I felt the withdrawings of the Holy Spirit, occasion'd by a lightness of spirit I then * fell into. My diffress at this, was now so great as to be observed by my countenance. · I poured out my foul before my much injured * LORD; my light being turned into darkness; and day and night with incessant tears, did I cry after an absent God. Oh, how bitterly did I bewarl my ingratitude, befeeching my LORD to restore to me the light of his counf tenance.

tenance. Now I was shown the hidden 'mystery of iniquity, that lay deeply hid at the bottom of my heart; and the greatest of · all fins (my master fin) was my want of love, * to that CHRIST who had already done for • much for me, and I could so basely prefer trifles to a fense of his love. This horrible · fight pierced my foul through and through; I saw that if I was not sanctified, and made. · like unto CHRIST in the holiness of his e nature, pardon, and all things beside, would · ferve only to encrease my misery. I frequently would fay, in an agony of foul, Why, 'my Jesus pardon, if I am suffer'd to carry about me so many scorpions and soul tormentors, now felt within me? Here, I said, is the spear, the nails, and the crown of thorns, that pierced and wounded my Sa-5 viour. I looked on myself as a person carrying cruel instruments for murdering his dearest Friend. No kind of death, would to • me have been grievous, could I by fuch means have got rid of a burthen fo intolerable to bear.-Night, and the shades of darkness; were fought, for pouring out my tears and grief before Gon. At night the morning was wished for, and in the morning the night was defired. I was truly like Noah's dove; that had not where to rest its foot. No account I had read came so near my case, as that of Judas. I even named myself Judas: ! None do know what such sorrows mean, but those that have felt them. In these the soul; best apprehends, the sufferings our dearest ' LORD

LORD fustained, when he said, My God, my · God, why bast theu for saken me? And by such fufferings a foul is indeed taught the preciousness of a Saviour.—At intervals, I had even then, some consolations, some gleams of those ineffable delights, Saints and Angels enjoy, but fore conflicts and agonies of foul would return.—One day, my body being faint and almost expiring before the throne of mercy, my mind in an agony, under the e greatest conflict and temptation, with which it had ever been exercised; it was sweetly · impressed, and afforded some degree of retain to my foul, that I was now honoured with tafting that bitter cup of which CHRIST, my dearest Lorn, had drank the very dregs. · Is it for my dearest Lord, answered my soul, • then let me bow before thee, in humble ac- knowledgment of so great a favor. I was then e caused to perceive, that every soul was not per-* mitted the like favor; and that a distinction • is made betwixt CHRIST's Disciples and Ser-* vants; and that those that were admitted to the closest union, and to sit with him at his * table, shall be made the most conformable to * bis death, by drinking of the cup he drank, and being baptized with the baptism he was s baptized with.—The following day, being · Sabbath, at church, my forrows were enf creased to such a degree, it was observable by any one that faw me. But during divine f service I discerned him whom my soul loved, · pass by me, tho' having only a slight view, I could not rest satisfied without further discoveries.

coveries.—After Sermon, the Clerk gave out to be fung, part of the Lamentation of a Sinner; I listened with the utmost attention, and the words penetrated my foul.—My foul was sted indeed, and the eye of faith so stead dily looking at those things within the weil, that for the time, I had no attention to, or view of, any thing besides: And that day's experience has been ever since a support, in every season of distress and temptation. The lines that were peculiarly blessed to my soul, are these—

"Whose bloody wounds at once I see,

"Tho' not with mortal eye;

"And as thy Saints behold them Lord,

"So I trust, shall I.

"Tho' fin doth hinder me awhile,

"When He doth fee it good,

"I shall behold the face of him,

"That shed for me his blood."

Now did all that was within me unite in praising and magnifying my Saviour. Now I could have published it to all the world, that my beloved was mine, and I was his; and now like the rich Merchant, did I rejoice, in having again in possession, the inestimable pearl of great price. I found I had all my heart's desire. I held him fast, and would not let him go. I entreated him to instruct me how to keep and hold him fast, that I might never, never grieve or displease him more. And I was and am now, so encouraged

s couraged by his promises of upholding me. by the power of his Grace, that I was and am animated, and could not nor can any more doubt of his faithfulness, than I can of his 'love, which, for ever be adored his name, I cannot possibly do, whilst daily experiencing fuch an uninterrupted flow of his goodness.—Oh, my dear Friend, it is all love. nothing but divine love, making me from the ground of my heart to fay, who would onot praise thee, thou Prince of Peace, who would not,—who can avoid loving, adoring, ' and admiring thee !- none that do but know thee, thou King of Saints, thou bleffed fource of happiness, my God, my all.—I could for ever dwell on these words.—Heaven is contained in my God, my all. It is what both Saints and Angels enjoy, and this must be their never-ceasing language, thou art my God, thou art my all.

'Thus, my dear Christian Friend, you have, praised be its divine Author, an impersect account of a true Conversion; and would you be informed of the worth of this saving faith in my soul, the Bible can much better give it than my pen. There you may read a multitude of divine promises, made mine, by the application of the Holy Spirit; and this gives me an humble boldness, mixed with sacred delight, in entering the presence chamber, the temple of my own heart) where I always find a gracious audience. There, I am sometimes permitted the honour of seeing my divine

divine Saviour in his dyed garments, sometimes in his priestly, and sometimes in his prophetic office, to teach and guide, and at other times as my King, to rule and govern. ! I have none to ask counsel of, with certainty, but him; none to teach and guide, but him; and having now experienced the bleffedness of being under the direction of so infallible a Guide. I would not change my happy choice for millions of worlds.—The fense of fuch experience often makes me, almost in a trans-* port of love and gratitude, cry out, Ob God, thou art my God; at the same time I take pleasure in affuring you, that of all God's creatures, I am certainly the most unworthy of fuch divine favors, or of so much as stiling · myself

"Your faithful and affectionate friend,

R. S.

- P. S.—When you find an inclination for poetry, read the following:—
 - Nor lands, nor seas, nor suns, nor stars,
 - "Can foul from foul divide;
 - They correspond from distant worlds,
 - Tho' transports are denied.'

No. X.

· 29 June, 1764.

'I humbly hope you will be comforted on hearing of the faith, by which it pleafeth ¿God, in mercy, to support me. He knowteth how to make rivers flow in the defert. for refreshing the dry ground. Now, what faith the inward Speaker, what does this divine and fecret still voice fay?—This is the way, walk in it.—Aye, with a powerful voice too, does he speak it.—My dearest LORD, whatever be thy commands, let me obey, without reluctance; tho' the flesh be unwilling, and too, too often shrinks, yet let this fpirit of mine be sweetly led, influenced by, and made willing to follow thee, oh thou Lamb of God, wherefoever thou leadeft. · Behold my fighs and my tears, often poured forth in great abundance before thee, for they and their frequency, can witness, that they * have been often shed under the deepest forrow and compunction of foul, that after all the infinite pains thou hast taken, I am yet at such a distance from thee! Dear Lord, pity a child of thine, whom thy love teacheth to call herself thine; pity, adorable Jesus, pity 'my forrows,' and take me in an especial manoner under the sweet guidance of thy Holy Spirit. Let me be fed and nourished by thee alone, for I daily feel, that thou (by a hand most graciously severe) art loosing me from all creature good, that my heart might daily take

* its flight to Heaven, and fix, solely fix on thee, the alone center of true happiness. For thou art the rest of every believing soul, whom to love is in some sort to enjoy, and to long and pant after, is to be made more and more capable of, more and greater communications from thee. Oh my Gop! if I do not love thee, what means this earnest desire?—Therefore, O Lord, accept my thank-offering, and still operate by thy love, in my soul, until it is filled with all thy sulness.

4 R. S.

No. XI.

In Answer to a Question.

14 February, 1768.

'I do not feel the least inclination to change, for any other, my outward form of worship in the Church of England, having already in possession, a degree of that good, which of itfels is able to satisfy all the large desires of my soul, consequently of affording entire hapiness.—What need then of surther search after it, since the source whence its derived, is every where present—in him I live, and move, and have my being: And respecting the state of my own mind, it is no longer Lobere, or lothere is Christ; and in my apprehension his manifestation, or appearance and presence in and to the soul, is not con-

fined to the closet, or even excluded from the ' desart: In short, every truly desirous, bungry ' foul, is certain to meet with our adorable Jesus every where, and under whatever outward form of worship it is secretly led to seek this 'infinite, all-satisfying good;—I mean, to be ' made partaker of his divine nature; and be 'assured, he is no respecter of persons,—they ' that seek shall find. This being the dictates and fentiments of my heart, kind Friend! I can truly say, my love and charity to all and every of the children of my dear heavenly Father, (that is all mankind) is really and 'truly unlimitted; and fince I have indeed, myfelf, felt and tafled, how very gracious the LORD is, and in what the true spiritual worflip doth consist; so far is this from leading " me to alter and change, or to feek new paths for my feet, that it rather occasions an holy jealousy over myself, (not being ignorant of * Satan's devices) lest any thing from within for from without, should rob me of the glo-* rious liberty, to be enjoyed in the Gospel of * JESUS CHRIST. And believe me, my faithful Friend, there is so much of reality in what I have now written, that I would not be deprived of its continual possession for all the riches in the universe, nor of the thankfulness I now feel in the mentioning it; hoping, aye believing, enough hath been faid fully to fatisfy you concerning this " matter.

I am, &c.

In the year 1771, R. S. experienced a trial. the most severe and the most memorable of any during her pilgrimage; this: may properly be termed the latter part of her life, tho' nearly 10 years previous to her death: She was then. to the altonishment of all her friends, dismis'd from her Husband, with an allowance of Sixty Pounds a year; —the time when, is given me by a friend in these words,—" it was on Sunday evening the 16th day of June, 1771." Never was any crime alledg'd against her, but that of obeying the precepts of the Gospel, and giving herself up to be led and guided by the Spirit of Christ,—charg'd with no irregularity as to her connections and conduct even in this respect; for she never joined any religious community, after a full approbation from her Husband for uniting with the Establishment, -With no neglect of her family concerns, for they were always conducted with the greatest economy; the did not even accustom herself to introduce the subject of religion, knowing it to be disagreeable; and such was her discretion, that during our intimacy and frequent intercourse, she was filent respecting any domestic trouble or uneasiness, tho' from observation and an impression on my own mind. I could not avoid suspecting she had been for several years under some kind of pressure and fingular weighty affliction, tho' no explanation of it, until the very day of seperation, and after it had taken place; and even then every precaution were taken on her part, for concealing the least blemish in him, with whom fhe

the had lived nineteen years, a most faithful, tender, and obedient wife, never offending, except only in the article of Religion; and during nineteen years, (or nearly) she afterwards liv'd seperate. She was never heard to name her Husband, but in terms of the utmost affection and regard, nor would even bear to hear him mentioned with difrespect, by any Should the reader enquire, other person. was this breach occasion'd only by her serving the God, whom Daniel worship'd?-Did no creature love steal between, and alienate her Husband's affections?-Let such enquirer sucfer a veil to be drawn, deplore the depravity of human nature, and hear the language of this servant of the Most High, upon tenderly touching the subject, when writing a very few weeks after her feperation; -I bave confecrated, faid she, the whole to filence; my main, my principal defire is, my Husband's happiness; for divine Grace bath kept my mind from feeling any unbecoming resentment: And as to Miss fo far from any emotions of resentment towards her, my heart doth yearn for her highest good; it is enough that my record is on high; my consolation and my joy is, to be seen and approv'd of God. I experienced his presence going with me; and when I was leaving every thing that was dear here below, I felt, I taked, I was following thee, oh my Saviour! and thy small still voice, at the very same instant, said, it is great glory to follow God; and to receive from him is long life. This was no delusion: It was too powerfully manifested to my beart, to admit of a fingle fingle doubt.—She added,—I am nevertheless not without feeling my situation, to be that of a desolate widow, under affliction.

Any further particulars, might tend merely for indulging curiofity, and be of no real use to the reader. - The Lord is a God of knowledge, and by bim actions are weighed: Therefore I proceed to observe, I was no less surprised than affected, at the unexpected situation of fo worthy a woman; and for whom I felt the tenderest regard. My heart yearn'd over her, I made her an offer, and on the evening of seperation she commenced a boarder in my house, tho' with much regret compell'd to part with her in 12 months afterwards, my family being encreased, and having only a small habitation.—She was now become acquainted with divers religious persons, freely conversing with such of every denomination; and those who knew the life of God in the foul, felt an union with her spirit, to whom she often administered consolation and instruction: -but it is to be remark'd, the ground and foundation of all her friendships, was the difinterested love of God.—She was fingular for sympathy in distress, and whosoever might have been the object, the was affiduously attentive whilst the distress continued; but upon affording every affiftance in her power, and it was either remov'd or reliev'd, ber bufiness was done; -all further correspondence ceas'd; -an evident proof of defiring to do good for the sake of good alone. - To the poor she was a constant constant Friend, both spiritual and temporal.

—She visited the Prijon, and frequently those under sentence of death, and to such she felt a sympathetic anxiety for their eternal safety; and kath been known to spend great part of several nights with them, in company with other persons of piety.

She regularly attended St. Peter's Hospital, one day in every week, where the children had her particular attention. They feared and loved her.—The fick, both here and elsewhere she also visited; and attended in their last moments, blessed with the comfort of feeing such labors of love crowned with succefs, by the peaceful departure of many.-Her income being narrow, and her defire of doing good, extensive, she prevailed on her particular friends to procure and furnish her with plain-work; and being a neat and quick work-woman, wrought much in this way, during several years, and so long as her strength and health would permit; whereby she was enabled to relieve the wants of many. But this employment, as well as her good deeds, were all effected with fecrecy. A CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

Divers religious persons of different persuasions, made proposals, and would gladly have taken her into their houses, without gratuity; but her inward director led her in the path of continual facrifice, prayer, and watchfulness; and she always with meekness and much of sweetness in her manner, declined such proposals. posals.—But so apt was censure and mis-judging to arise, in breasts that knew not the motives and secret springs of her actions, that even some professors were weak enough to imagine, she made crosses for hersels.—It is well if such were acquainted with that hidden life, of which she so largely partook, even that life which is hid with Christ in God; and which was more than a compensation to her, for all earthly comforts; deeming it a particular privilege, on all occasions, to rely upon God her Redeemer, and by his support, take up her daily cross, and simply follow him.

When visited by her Friends, she was always found cheerful, without complaints, full of love, peace, and joy; and her constant advice was, to look unto Jesus as an ever-present and inward Saviour; not expecting to find him in any outward form or mode whatever, but only and solely within their own hearts, the Temple wherein he delighteth to dwell; and that this was the place where he would direct, guide, and instruct them.—Her heart frequently over-flowed with the love of God, at which seasons, she would speak with amazing sluency, and with such divine power accompanying it, as to carry conviction, and blessed be God, was the means of real conversion to many.

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When call'd upon to vindicate the cause of him whom she loved, it was with astonishing power; and was any thing said, that tended to rob GoD of his glory, she was always H favor'd

favor'd with matter and expression, that her adversaries were unable to gainsay.—Her aim and drift was ever to set forth the all of God, and nothingness of the creature; not from speculative, head knowledge, but from a birth of the divine life in ber own foul. And to those that were under difficulties, she would say, set like Mary, at the feet of fesus, but look for him within, and he will guide and deliver out of every sin and difficulty. Many, very many, can testify of the spiritual benefit received under such advice.

From the time of her seperation, she very seldom visited any of her Friends, meerly for the sake of visiting; and at length wholly declined such kind of visits; bearing, without any human alleviation, all the inconveniences attending her situation.—Once at a Friend's house, she took up a Bible,—and after her departure, was observed, a pin lest stuck against I Tim. v. 5,—Now she that is a widow indeed, and desolate, TRUSTETH IN GOD, &c. without doubt intimating, that these words were applicable to herself.

After the first 12 months, there appeared to be the secret hand of Providence in her being obliged to remove from and to a variety of lodgings, until the last 6 or 7 years of her life; giving an opportunity of conversing with perfons of various dispositions and tempers, and no doubt with gracious designs towards them; but notwithstanding the sweetness of her natural

tural disposition, attempered with grace, rendering her life and conversation truly angelic, the enmity of fallen nature was so extremely stubborn in some persons where she resided, that with all her labour and prayers, she never could gain them; there were some that even traduced her character—and did not her Divine Master experience the same?—But, blessed be God, there were others where her lot had fallen, observing her chaste conversation coupled with fear, that became real converts to Jesus Christ, and to whom her name remains precious.

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Her last remove was to an apartment in a fmall tenement in Horfield-lane, leading to Kingsdown; this, she often said, was a place prepared for her by her heavenly Father; call'd it her Bethel, the House of God, her gate to Heaven; here she resided upwards of 6 years, and from thence departed to eternal reft.—It was to this habitation I often repaired, when under some peculiar afflicting dispensations, where her sympathising bosom was like an assylum. Here I experienced many consolations and divine refreshments, even such as enabled me to go on my way rejoicing. that every foul would tafte and see for himself how good is the Lord.—Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, nor hath it entered into the heart of the natural man to conceive, the good things that God hath in store for them that love him.

It now may be said, without offending my dear Friend R. S. that I never convers'd with a mind so purified; her spirit seem'd to be all light and love; it truly feem'd like Heaven open'd on earth; and tho' she herself was under great bodily suffering, yet was cheerful, deeming it the appointed means for taking her home. During the last 4 years and 3 months, the was entirely confined to the house; but whenever I saw her, her mind was preserv'd in an heavenly frame. Very few days pass'd without my fending to, or hearing from her. But when her malady had encreased to a high degree, and 'twas difficult for her to speak louder than a whisper, she found it needful to exclude her religious friends, at least by seeing them very feldom; and at length, with her usual gentleness, she entreated them wholly to forbear any further vifits; which accounts for my not feeing her upwards of 2 years previous to her last illness.—This occasion'd some perfons (without due reflexion) entertaining hard thoughts respecting her conduct in this particular:—But it may with truth be faid, (had it not been the case long before) that during some few of the last years of her pilgrimage, she was wholly and forely given up to the operation, afiftance and guidance of her invisible divine Redeemer, having not a wish (respecting spirituals) for help or comfort from any external means whatever; -filence, and inward communion with her ever-present Friend, being her sole delight and comfort: For she had a bope, as an anchor of the foul, both fure and stedfast.

fledfast, that entereth within the veil, whither ber fore-runner, even Jesus, is entered; and with whom she is now eternally blessed.

The following are Extracts from some few Letters, with which her Christian Friends were favored after her seperation.

The Seal to her letters impress'd with a Dove; the Motto, Love and PEACE.

No. I.

1.

Without date.*

Poor R. S. a prisoner in bonds, for the truth fake, saluteth ber own child in the same common saith, of our dear LORD JESUS; wishing grace, mercy, and peace, may be multiplied in the hearts of my two dear Christian Friends; that their hearts being knit together in love, with mine, we may each abound more and more, in every grace; to the praise and glory of him, who hath called us to glory and virtue.

Dear Sisters, loving Disciples, sellow Soldiers, and dear Companions in the kingdom of Patience and Tribulation of our dear LORD JESUS; my earnest desire for us all, is, that whether I am favor'd with seeing you so frequently as I could wish, or otherwise, each

This Letter was directed to one, but meant and intended for two Persons; and was probably written before the seperation.

of us may have abundant cause for rejoicing; that in simplicity and godly sincerity, we have our conversation in this present world; remembering, that it is the very ground and crown of all our rejoicing in Christ Jesus, that as he was, so must we be, in this our state of trial and probation; and if there be any other blessing, greater than this, be assured it is my desire, that it may also be given to each of us.—I have but express donly a little of that love, which wanteth some way or other to convey itself into your hearts.—I bid sarewell, until we sare best of all for ever.

Believe me your loving

• R. S.'

No. II.

Horse-Street, 6 Aug. 1771.

God is love, my dear Friend, and how much my heart feels of this divine affection, to you, he can tell, to whom I would in all things, be refigned.—Don't think, my dear Friend, because you are absent, I am the less present with you;—no; I am, notwithstanding, most intimately present with you. I joy and rejoice, internally beholding your chaste conversation, coupled with sear; and my prayer to the God of my life is, that he may continue to bless you with all spiritual blessings, in heavenly things, in Christ Jesus.—As to my own health, thro' infinite favor, I have reason to hope it mends. But howsoever

howfoever that be, I know, that I enjoy a

' sweet satisfaction in believing; my health is

' fuch as infinite wisdom sees best; therefore

all is well indeed.

I must tell you some of the pleasure I posfess under the roof of my present habitation, together with some of the refreshings, experi-

enced from a sweet expressive scripture sen-

tence, which meets my daily path-

· R. S.

The remainder obliterated.

No. III.

Without date.

· My fincere defires are for the advancement of my dear Friend in every christian grace ' and virtue, that with unremitted ardor she may f purfue the path that leads to glory and immortality; that nothing earthly, and unwor-' thy of an immortal mind, may prove an hin-' drance; but that constantly eying him, who 'is invisible, she may so pass through things 'temporal, as not to lose those eternal:-'These are likewise the earnest breathings of 'my foul, not only for my dear Friend, but ' for myself, and for the whole Israel of GoD. 'Methinks, words are swallow'd up, when we attempt to speak of the things of the Spirit, 'which the mind, at seasons, through infinite " mercy.

* mercy, discerneth, when revealed by the selffame Spirit, even the deep things of Gon; • and even to make them known to such babes as we are. - Oh my dear Friend, let us lay ourselves exceeding low, at the feet of our divine Immanuel, who is indeed God, manifested in our flesh; and who will teach us all things pertaining to life and godliness.—He is our way—our truth—and our life; and if we commit our fouls to his divine keeping, he will both nurture and teach.—He is a Shepherd; and we shall be able to say, did ever any speak like him.—Oh, may we ever · listen to his voice, and follow this true light * of the world, whither soever he leadeth .-This proceeds from love unfeigned to my · dear Friend, and am, &c. 'R. S.'

No. IV.

Without date.

For the comfortless sake of the needy, I will arise, saith the Lord, that the man of the earth may no more oppress—these words were applied as soon as I had read the plaintive note of our much exercised Friend; for whom I breathe to Heaven, that he may be kept as the passive clay in the hand of the divine Potter, who will in due season, if we endure as seeing him that is invisible, make us vessels of sanctification, sitted by such painful refinings, for the Master's use.—How strong

this defire is, both for myself and our Friend, is more than words can express—Suffice to say, that I believe by one moment under suffering, endured with filent submission to the divine will, we are more benefited, than by a thousand efforts of our own: I assure you this is spoken from deep beart-felt experience.—Tell our Friend not to be discouraged, if under such submission, not the least comfort is felt; for I apprehend, that the more we are deprived of all sensible evidence, the more perfect is that Faith, which relies upon him that is invisible. I am with sincere sympathy

An unworthy disciple of Jesus Christ,

· R. S.

No. V.

Without date.

'I wish my dear Mrs. — to acquaint our Friend, that I am persuaded, it is no less than a divine operation on his heart, whereby he is so deeply convinced of his fallen state; I rejoice with Angels and gloristed Spirits, and congratulate him whom the Lord doth and will bless, by enriching him with the graces of his Holy Spirit—I have but one solicitude concerning him, and that is, that he may truly submit to that divine precept we find on record—Be still and know that I am God.

God. It is of the atmost confeditionee. that "we filently attend to the secret whifpers of that voice which fpeaks in the deep of our * hearts, and when attended to (in thue time) 's speaks inestable peace-It puts to Elence all other voices, howfeever pleafing they may appear to our corrupted nature. I entreat and beleech, that he would fear nothing to " much as the not liftening to this beavenly voice: Indeed it is and will be a lamp to our path and a light to our feet; take the unworthy "testimony of one who hath proved the truth of what the affirms, and is ready to attest it '(by divine help) before Men and Angels; therefore let me as one that hath found 'imercy, entreat that he will hearken to, and follow no other, than that voice; I mean, the voice of him who speaketh from Heaven, 'who is, and whoever must be, the leader and 4 guide of souls.

. R. S.

No. VI.

Without date.

My dear Mrs. — can you tell, or can oun Friend give the information, why this divine fentence is often applied to my mind? This cup is the New Testament in my blood, as oft us ye think it, to this in remembrance of me. — Are you, my Friends, in that highly favor'd situation, partaking of this cup of bleffing, in fellowship with him who is our living

ing head, and with me your unworthy companion? If so, then permit me to address you in the sweet language that diving love filently speaks in my heart;—drink, oh beloved, yea drink abundantly of this cup, our dear heavenly Father hath so richly filled with his goodness and love.

No. VII.

Without date.

I have now to acquaint my dear Friend, that Lam much mended,—I think my complaint seems to be extreme weakness .-- However. I trust it all helps, through divine grace, to bring forth refignation and patience; "I would by any means, be a proficient there-. in. My pleasing solitude (intending to keep. ' my toom this day) affords an opportunity of conversing in filence, with you my beloved. sabgent Friend, whose undeserving notice of me, calls for every fentiment of gratitude, to the bleffed Authoriof every good gift. -It raises in toy breast most ardent desires, that the Father of all mercies, will be pleased to bless abundantly the kind Friends (you and 'your Huiband) under whose roof I have received so many marks of christian kindness, the remembrance whereof, I trust, will never be effaced from the mind of

' R. S.

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No.

No. VIII.

On vifiting a poor woman at St. Peter's Hospital.

Without date.

Oh, my dear Friend, who can describe what my feelings were, when I looked on the poor woman last night at the Hospital? -She said with tears, she could not pray. Now did I wish for my dear Friend to have been a witness to what then passed; and how has my mind, fince been favor'd to feel the most ardent desires, that it might prove the day, in which divine grace and love may effectually reach the mind of this poor ftranger.—Perhaps, my dear Friend, on this intimation, may find such drawings towards f this poor woman, as to encline to see her foon, and thereby find the application of these words—" Verily in as much as ye did "it to one of the least of these my brethren, " ye did it unto me,"

: R. S.

N. B. A work of real conversion afterwards appeared; and this poor woman died bappy.

No. IX.

On finding another babitation.

Without date.

It would be ingratitude not to acquaint my dear Friend, that before I could reach the

the place of my present peaceful abode, the hand of my compassionate heavenly Father led me to the very door, where it is his will now to place me.—Here I found every thing concur to testify, its not only being perfectly pleasing to my dear heavenly Father, but also perfectly agreeable to every wish of my heart; in respect of its suitableness to my present humiliating situation.—Thus was I sent home, with joy and thanksgiving, accompanied with peace and inward tranquility, together with a secret whisper, make it sure as soon as you can:—This I did immediately.

'R, S,

No. X.

Without date.

Were I filent, the very stones might convey my ingratitude.—I no sooner gave B. your present, than the blessed Spirit, like a Dove, seemed to cover her mind;—we both remained some time silent; then taking my leave, I receiv'd, a few hours after, from her, a sweet little book, which (as she cannot write) was sent to tell me, by marking several parts in it, by sticking of pins, of the state of her mind; of which I was as certain as if I had seen her thoughts.—How did I weep and praise my heavenly Father, for the wonders he doth for the children of men; and turning towards you, my dear Friend thoughts.—Ithoughts

f (tho absent in body) these words camp with fuch power into my mind, that language cannot express—"Ride on,—good luck have thou with thine honour, because of meek—these, truth, and righteousness:—Thy right hand shall teach thee terrible things."

f I can only add, I am, &cc.

R. S.

No. XI,

Without date.

Notwithstanding all the difficulties atf tending, -how sweet, my dear Friend, is the path of duty; and how true is it, that as afflictions do abound, so do consolations in CHRIST JESUS.—It is no longer held at a distance, but it is tasted and felt.—This was really experienced at my dear afflicted Friend's house, that I visited this day, whose eyes were · full of tears, and her heart with real gratitude.—Now, my dear Friend, let us gird up the loins of our mind, and proceed ftrait on, in the path that leads to victory, liberty, and a crown; remembering both the Author and Finisher of our Faith; to whose care and divine protection I commit my most dear Friend H. together with you, my own dear schild S. Y. dear in the best of bonds. . R. S.

(63)

No. XII.

October 6, 1786.

* The consolation my mind received in reading Madam Guion's Short and Easy Method of

e Prayer, is too facred to be put in words:

But it causes thankfulness to my dear heavenly

Father. Adieu.

R. S."

No. XIII.

26 December, 1787.

- 'I am constrained in the language of the afflicted Psalmist to say,
 - Thy mercy like a flowing tide,
 - "Hath all thy servants wants supplied."
- And with the poor widow, mentioned by Timothy, to make my imperfect supplies-
- tions, night and day, to the Father of all
- mercies, and the Gon of all confolation.

· Adieu.

R. S.

No. XIV.

04 December, 1788.

Adored be his name, that opens a view of ineffable light;—light, that surpasseth the brightness

brightness of the Sun, in its meridian glory.

-Oh, my good Friend! the views of Eterinity are inexpressibly pleasing.—There I shall
be cloathed in the wedding garment, and
fing Hosannahs, powerful Hosannahs, to the
King of Peace, whose kingdom hath no end.

-The water that hath lately appeared in
my stomach, is a summons of importance.
Pray to him that ruleth all things well, that
I may still experience his help and support.

· Adieu.

'R. S.'

No. XV.

In answer to a request that a Physician might be consulted.

26 December, 1788.

'I am exceedingly obliged, by the kind proposal, for alleviating my bodily malady. —But I am not favor'd with any clearness (or liberty) on that head; indeed I believe that every thing that can be done, has already been done. Should I however, find a freedom in my mind, be assured I will comply; therefore I hope my dear Friends, will make themselves easy, as I can truly say, my dear Saviour is near, and sweetens every bitter potion.

Favor me with your petitions for refignation, to every dispensation of his divine wisdom and Providence: Adieu.

R. S.*
From From what has been related at the beginhing of this Narrative, and from the contents of the several Letters written by herself, it appears that R. S. experienced a singular divine work in her infancy; and that, notwithstanding, in the course of her youth afterwards, it became obscured; yet that she was blessed with great grace in early life; that at the age of 30, or thereabout, a deep regenerating work commenced, was graciously carried on, under various dispensations, and through much tribulation, finally compleated; and that it may truly be affirmed, she passed through a resining process, and with Job, could say, when he bath tried me, I shall come forth as gold.

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This must be more or less the experience of every soul that enters glory, standing as she did, on the only sure foundation, Christ Jesus the Lord, the only solid support in distress;—every other being as a broken reed of a building on the sand.—This foundation, and this regenerating process, enabled her to declare when near her dissolution,—I have nothing now to do, but pass through the painful passage,—the valley and shadow of death.—Happy, happy soul, thou didst not build upon speculative opinions, but on real, substantial Faith, deriving thereby a divine nature, from its true source, Christ Jesus, the Author and Finisher of thy Faith!

And here Reader, thou hast had a sketch,—the outlines of a Christian, not in name and appearance

appearance only, but in reality and truth. The Graces with which her foul were replenish'd, cannot be described and apprehended to and by the most acute understanding, whilst in a state of nature: They can be described and discerned, or conceiv'd only to and by those that are spiritual; and do themselves experience the same divine life and nature:—But it may truly be said, (as the Queen of Sheba said of Solomon) that not only the one half, but that not a thousandth part of what she posses'd, hath been declar'd—For she largely partook both of the Spirit and the Riches of him, who is far greater than Solomon was in all his glory.

My fincere wish, both for the reader and myself is, that we may bunger and thirst, strive and attain, as dear R. S. hath done, ever remembering, this experimental, scriptural truth, that it is through much tribulation we enter into glory; -that we must mourn before we can be comforted.—If we would be Christ's disciples, we must deny ourselves, and take up the cross and follow him—the world must be crucified unto us, and we unto the world. If we would receive an eternal weight of glory, we must have our share of those light afflictions, which are but for a moment.—If we would taste the peaceful fruits of righteousness, we must be exercised by those chastenings, which for the present are not joyous but grievous.—Sorrows, anxieties, distresses, and afflictions, inward struggles and outward trials, are all expedient,—For let us remark and well observe.

observe, that the seed of the incorruptible wora, lies buried in the earthly heart, until God, by his Holy Spirit (thro' the methods his wisdom appoints) shakes the heart to its very center.

—By such means this seed is called forth into a birth,—a real life and manifestation.— The fruits of regeneration, are the only certain marks by which it can be known; and wherever the fruits of love, joy, peace, long-suffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness, temperance, are visible, there undoubtedly the Spirit of God hath renewed or began its regenerating work.

Oh that unthinking mortals, devoted to earthly pleasure, could but conceive an idea of those sublime joys, which the regenerate experience;—that delightful intercourse with Heaven, which is opened to them in prayer,—that ineffable view that breaks in upon the eye of Faith—that refined entertainment which they enjoy in their retired moments.—Could they have the least idea of such delights, shame and consuston would be felt, on a retrospect of those false unprositable pleasures to which they have unhappily devoted their immortal spirits.—They would then be convinced, they have been spending their money for that which is not bread, and their labor for that which satisfieth not.

I shall now only relate one circumstance; that was omitted in the account first committed to writing, and with which account this extraordinary character concludes;—namely, that a day or two preceding the death of R. S. she said, I have

I have been a faithful wife,—I have been a faithful wife,—many times repeating the same words —and then said,—That is now my comfort.

Proceed we now to some particulars of the last solemn scene,—the close of her precious life.

Having been favored with attending my dear Friend R. S. in her last moments, I committed to writing some few of those comfortable expressions which then slow'd from her mouth, as well for a pleasing Memorial to myself, as in hope they might afford encouragement and consolation to my fellow travellers Zion-ward; at least, I am fully consident, the following short detail, containeth Fasts, that undeniably discover an instance of the wonderful power of religion, when seated in the heart.

On the 24th day of the 4th month, (April) 1790, in the morning, Nancy Edkins call'd to acquaint me of the alarming fituation of our valuable dear Friend.—Observing that she had then been two days in violent pain in her bowels, unable to lie down, attended with an entire obstruction of the passages; and that she had been sat up with the two preceding nights,—I had been prevented seeing her for upwards of two years is but now I went to her immediately, and tound her, to my great surprize, very much alter'd; her body, from an increase of her disorder, a dropsy; of astonishing bulk; her face and hands exceedingly emaciated.

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She said to me, I have a comfortable hope that this will prove my last illness; these words have follow'd me for some weeks-What thou doest, do quickly-I have a baptism to be baptised with, and bow am I streightened until it be accomplish'd. -and said, she had nothing now to do, but to pass through the painful passage. - I sat up with her that night, during which the experienced violent pain, the stoppage continuing, and not any thing she took, had the least effect for removing it; notwithstanding which, her mind was preserved in great tranquility, and in a state of constant prayer, frequently breaking out in the following expressions—Thy kingdom come, thy will be done. - It is all beavenly love, beavenly goodness.

The 25th, Nothing remarkable.

The 26th. The same symptoms and violent pain continued, with her mind preserv'd in perfect calmness, constantly expressing her considence in GoD; and with a sweet voice she said,

O! may I always ready stand
With my lamp burning in my hand:
May I, in fight of Heaven rejoice,
Whene'er I bear the Bridegroom's voice!

And added, O! when will the happy moment come, that I shall hear the blessed voice? She often said, as we were sitting around her, Here is peace indeed! Heavenly peace! What a favor,

to have a peaceful end! I am like Job, encreased in my latter end.

The 27th. The night preceding, the fuffered much from a violent vomiting of putrid matter, which did not cease five minutes together, until fix o'clock this morning. - She then defired Nancy to put on her cap, and wash her hands and face; and faid, then let us breakfast together: -- We accordingly had a most comfortable breakfast; and I could not avoid remarking, there was fomething joyous among & us, and about the room, infomuch that I faid, it feems to feel as if we were going to a wedding. I never remember her look more cheerful: her countenance exceedingly animated, and her eyes sparkling with joy; and continued converfing with us in the same sweet frame of mind, until twelve at noon, with the freedom of a spirit released of all its burthens: Nothing but heavenly love and heavenly joy: In short, it feemed to be a degree of rapturous enjoyment, fuchas language cannot express, and a foretaste of that happiness she was soon compleatly to possess. —She spoke of resignation to the will of God with a voice so melodious, that I seem yet to hear She also repeated the following lines from Young's Refignation:

For man to murmur and repine
At what by there is done,
No less abfurd than to complain
Of darkness in the San.

What!

What! the I'm swallow'd in the deep?
The mountains e'er me rear?
Jehovah reigns! as Jonah safe
I'm landed, and adore.
An hour shall come:—(You question this)
An bour, when you shall bless,
Beyond the brightest beams of life,
Dark days of your distress.

Repeating a few lines more of the same import, she then fell into a sleepiness, but not stupor; for when she awoke, she was persectly recollected: And upon being asked, if the fleep had refreshed? She replied, it was not fleep, but that her mind was in a most comfortable state.—At tea time she further revived, talking with us almost an hour, cheerful and pleasant, but her breath now began to be affected, and her voice to fail. —In the morning of this day a hearse and mourning coach pass'd by the window, which she observing, said, Ah! I hope you will foon have occasion to come here; and then added, Bleffed are the dead that die in the LORD.—The same morning she likewise said, I bave been thinking of what Anna Bullen faid, when King Henry ordered her to be beheaded,—that he had given ber a lift to Heaven; so, said she, I bave no reason to complain of my Husband; be bas only given me a lift to Heaven.

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The 28th, her pain became very violent in her cheft. She compared it to a burning cauftic. She could not so much as taste a teaspoonful

spoonful of wine, or the same quantity of rum in water, it only encreasing the pain: So that 'twas manifest her spirits were not supported by any artificial cordial, though her spirits had never failed throughout this last painful illness. Her support was divine and supernatural.—She now repeated the following text with remarkable energy, -For we know that if our earthly house of this Tabernacle be dissolved, we have a building of GOD; an house not made with bands, eternal in the Heavens: and then said, please to read the chapter;—this being done, she said, That is enough. mind was deeply centered in prayer, and an awful folemnity covered those around her. She often repeating this passage,—I know that my Redeemer livetb.—At twelve o'clock this night, her breath became much obstructed, and to appearance she was near dissolution; but revived again, and spoke to us; presently saying, dearest Lord, when shall I come? I said, my dear Friend, I thought just now, thou was going. She replied, I had indeed a sweet fight, and thought myself I was just gone; or to that effect. Adding, but I don't repine. His will be done. It is all beavenly goodness. She would often lift up her eyes and fay, Jesus Christ! as if she really saw him, and Heaven opened, like the Disciple of old; as I believe she did.

The 29th, in the morning, I observed my dear Friend's countenance remarkably alter'd.

—Before this time, it had the appearance of heavenly sweetness and softness, but now of anguish,

anguift, which occasioned unutterable pain in my own mind, such as I had not felt before, no not even a moment; it having been hitherto one continued scene of heavenly peace and tranquility.—In the afternoon I withdrew from the room, calling out Nancy, and enquired what she conceived to be the cause of such an alteration? She answer'd in a flood of tears-It is for her Husband: for she hath often declared, that if a thought of his not being happy hereaster, should arise, it would disturb her dying moments; and, faid Nancy, I heard her in the night earnestly praying for him.— My mind now being fatisfied as to the cause, I return'd, and fat a short space filent, when I feem'd compelled to fay, my dear Friend, fomething is the matter. Is there any thing we can do? There is something, she replied, but I have not freedom to tell you now; I will tell you one of these days. This rais'd a restection in my breast—that if I am not told now, it will be never; though I did not mention it. She thut her eyes and appeared in earnest supplication; then looking round on us, then at. the watch, enquired, What it was o'clock? She was answered, Four; whereupon she said, It is my busband; my dear Mr. Scudamore!-I then asked whether she wished to see him? She lift up her hands and said, O! no.—I said, Is there any thing thou wisheth to have said to him; shall I go to him? O! no. Then I observ'd to her, thou wantest an internal evidence of his future happiness;—That's the matter, said she.-I then acquainted her, a Friend

Friend had informed me, the Counsellor was yesterday evening in a very suffering situation, so that she might have hope. She then said, Now I think I shall soon fink.—Dissolution rapidly approaching, her breath during this last hour became extremely laborious. She spake once to her dear Nancy, and many times look'd round upon us all, with looks of LOVE, then at the watch, and at Sukey Edkins, who was holding one of her hands; and Sukey said, it wants ten minutes of five.—As foon as one of the town clocks was heard to firke five, Nancy faid, my dear Friend, it is five o'clock, and before the last clock had done striking, at the very instant uttering the words dearest Lord, she expired.—Thus ended the mortal life of my vuluable very dear Friend, REBECCA SCUDAMORE, with whom I had been acquainted upwards of thirty years. She first introduced me into the fashionable world;— Vanity and Folly!—and through Mercy, she was afterwards the happy instrument of bringing me to the precious knowledge of Jesus CHRIST; her tender watchful care and concern over and for me, cannot be described; and by her filent suffering example, I have often experienced great consolation; humbly hoping, through divine help, I shall be enabled to follow her as the hath follow'd CHRIST; and oh! that my latter end may also be like hers!

S. YOUNG.

BRISTOL, 1790.

- P. S. During the last eight days she could lay down only one hour the whole time, (being obliged to sit erect in the chair where she expired) slept very little, and took very little nourishment.—We often express'd surprise that her head had been kept so perfectly clear—she herself express'd great thankfulness for it, saying, it was what she had always asked; and indeed her petition was sully granted, much to the comfort of those about her.
- N. B. It is to be remarked, that immediately after uttering—Now I think I shall soon sink, the trial ended—the eyes of the dying Saint were observed to sparkle, and her countenance to indicate peace and joy, and a divine shame of light and love were rekindled.

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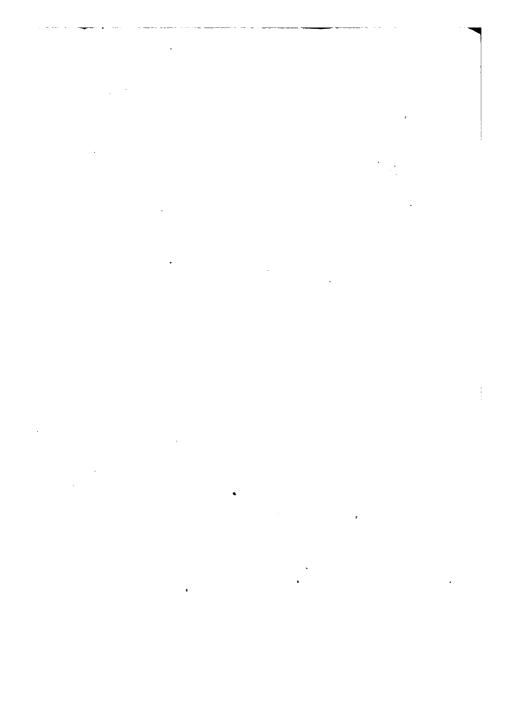
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